





The Vienna Doctoral Programme on Complex Quantum Systems invites you to a

Alumnus Talk

by

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Measurement based quantum optomechanics: Towards macroscopic superposition state preparation

Cavity quantum optomechanics uses the radiation-pressure interaction and the tools of quantum optics to extend the control of individual quantum systems to macroscopic mechanical oscillators. The field is currently receiving a surge of interest for its potential to contribute to both fundamental and applied science with current research directions including table-top tests of quantum gravity and the development of high-precision weak-force sensors. In this talk, I will discuss three related research projects that push towards the generation of mechanical superposition states----a key outstanding goal in the field. By utilizing single photon counting and optical interferometry, the first observation of a mechanical interference fringe pattern was performed [1], where the fringes were written into a position distribution of a mechanical thermal state. Building on this scheme, we have devised a protocol that uses a sequence of interactions and single photon counting measurements to "grow" mechanical superposition states of junceasing size [2]. Lastly, and time permitting, the theory behind an analogue approach to optomechanics that couples a carbon nanotube to a superconducting qubit will be described that has the potential to distinguish non-classical properties of such a fringe pattern.

The speaker as a CoQuS alumni will also discuss his career trajectory and his recent experiences building his own research group (https://groups.physics.ox.ac.uk/QMLab/).

Monday, 25March 2019, 17:00 get-together with coffee and snacks!

Main Lecture Hall, Atominstitut, TU Wien, Stadionallee 2, 1020 Vienna

Hosted by: Markus Arndt

M. Ringbauer et al, New Journal of Physics 20, 053042 (2018).
J. Clarke, and M. R. Vanner, Quantum Science and Technology 4, 014003 (2019).



